MODEL ARBITRATION CLAUSE

Any dispute, controversy or claim arising out of or in connection with this contract, or the breach, termination or invalidity thereof, shall be finally settled by arbitration in accordance with the Rules for Expedited Arbitrations of the Arbitration Institute of the Stockholm Chamber of Commerce.

Recommended additions:
The seat of arbitration shall be […].
The language to be used in the arbitral proceedings shall be […].
This contract shall be governed by the substantive law of […].
RULES FOR EXPEDITED ARBITRATIONS OF THE ARBITRATION INSTITUTE OF THE STOCKHOLM CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Adopted by the Stockholm Chamber of Commerce and in force as of 1 January 2010

Under any arbitration agreement referring to the Rules for Expedited Arbitrations of the Arbitration Institute of the Stockholm Chamber of Commerce (the “Rules for Expedited Arbitrations”) the parties shall be deemed to have agreed that the following rules, or such amended rules, in force on the date of the commencement of the arbitration, or the filing of an application for the appointment of an Emergency Arbitrator, shall be applied unless otherwise agreed by the parties.

The English text prevails over other language versions
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Article</th>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>About the SCC</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Commencement of proceedings</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Request for Arbitration</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Registration Fee</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Commencement of arbitration</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Answer</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Request for further details</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Time periods</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Notices</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Decisions by the Board</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Dismissal</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Consolidation</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>The Arbitrator</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Number of arbitrators</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Appointment of Arbitrator</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Impartiality and independence</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Challenge to Arbitrator</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Release from appointment</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Replacement of Arbitrator</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>The proceedings before the Arbitrator</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Referral to the Arbitrator</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Conduct of the arbitration</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Seat of arbitration</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Language</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Applicable law</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 23</td>
<td>Timetable</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 24</td>
<td>Written submissions</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 25</td>
<td>Amendments</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 26</td>
<td>Evidence</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 27</td>
<td>Hearings</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 28</td>
<td>Witnesses</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 29</td>
<td>Experts appointed by the Arbitrator</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 30</td>
<td>Default</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 31</td>
<td>Waiver</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 32</td>
<td>Interim measures</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 33</td>
<td>Communications from the Arbitrator</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 34</td>
<td>Close of proceedings</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Awards and decisions**

| Article 35 | Making of awards | 16 |
| Article 36 | Time limit for final award | 16 |
| Article 37 | Separate award | 16 |
| Article 38 | Settlement or other grounds for termination of the arbitration | 16 |
| Article 39 | Effect of an award | 16 |
| Article 40 | Correction and interpretation of an award | 16 |
| Article 41 | Additional award | 17 |

**Costs of the Arbitration**

| Article 42 | Costs of the Arbitration | 17 |
| Article 43 | Costs incurred by a party | 18 |
| Article 44 | Advance on Costs | 18 |

**General rules**

| Article 45 | Confidentiality | 19 |
| Article 46 | Enforcement | 19 |
| Article 47 | Exclusion of liability | 19 |
## APPENDIX I – ORGANISATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Article</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>About the SCC</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Function of the SCC</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>The Board</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Appointment of the Board</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Removal of a member of the Board</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Function of the Board</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Decisions by the Board</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>The Secretariat</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Procedures</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## APPENDIX II – EMERGENCY ARBITRATOR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Article</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Emergency Arbitrator</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Application for the appointment of an Emergency Arbitrator</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Notice</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Appointment of the Emergency Arbitrator</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Seat of the emergency proceedings</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Referral to the Emergency Arbitrator</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Conduct of the emergency proceedings</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Emergency decisions on interim measures</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Binding effect of emergency decisions</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Costs of the emergency proceedings</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## APPENDIX III – SCHEDULE OF COSTS

### Arbitration Costs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Article</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Registration Fee</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Fee of the Arbitrator</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Administrative Fee</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Expenses</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Arbitration Institute of the Stockholm Chamber of Commerce

Article 1 About the SCC
The Arbitration Institute of the Stockholm Chamber of Commerce (the “SCC”) is the body responsible for the administration of disputes in accordance with the “SCC Rules”; the Arbitration Rules of the Arbitration Institute of the Stockholm Chamber of Commerce (the “Arbitration Rules”) and the Rules for Expedited Arbitrations of the Stockholm Chamber of Commerce (the “Rules for Expedited Arbitrations”), and other procedures or rules agreed upon by the parties. The SCC is composed of a board of directors (the “Board”) and a secretariat (the “Secretariat”). Detailed provisions regarding the organisation of the SCC are set out in Appendix I.

Commencement of proceedings

Article 2 Request for Arbitration
A Request for Arbitration shall include:

(i) a statement of the names, addresses, telephone and facsimile numbers and e-mail addresses of the parties and their counsel;

(ii) a summary of the dispute;

(iii) a preliminary statement of the relief sought by the Claimant;

(iv) a copy or description of the arbitration agreement or clause under which the dispute is to be settled; and

(v) comments on the seat of arbitration.

Article 3 Registration Fee
(1) Upon filing the Request for Arbitration, the Claimant shall pay a Registration Fee. The amount of the Registration Fee shall be determined in accordance with the Schedule of Costs (Appendix III) in force on the date when the Request for Arbitration is filed.
(2) If the Registration Fee is not paid upon filing the Request for Arbitration, the Secretariat shall set a time period within which the Claimant shall pay the Registration Fee. If the Registration Fee is not paid within this time period, the Secretariat shall dismiss the Request for Arbitration.

Article 4 Commencement of arbitration
Arbitration is commenced on the date when the SCC receives the Request for Arbitration.

Article 5 Answer
(1) The Secretariat shall send a copy of the Request for Arbitration and the documents attached thereto to the Respondent. The Secretariat shall set a time period within which the Respondent shall submit an Answer to the SCC. The Answer shall include:

(i) any objections concerning the existence, validity or applicability of the arbitration agreement; however, failure to raise any objections shall not preclude the Respondent from subsequently raising such objections at any time up to and including the submission of the Statement of Defence;

(ii) an admission or denial of the relief sought in the Request for Arbitration;

(iii) a preliminary statement of any counterclaims or set-offs; and

(iv) comments on the seat of arbitration.

(2) The Secretariat shall send a copy of the Answer to the Claimant. The Claimant shall be given an opportunity to submit comments on the Answer.

(3) Failure by the Respondent to submit an Answer shall not prevent the arbitration from proceeding.

Article 6 Request for further details
The Board may request further details from either party regarding any of their written submissions to the SCC. If the Claimant fails to comply with a request for further details, the Board may dismiss the case. If the Respondent fails to comply with a request for further details regarding its counterclaim or set-off, the Board may dismiss the counterclaim or set-off. Failure by the Respondent to otherwise comply with a request for further details shall not prevent the arbitration from proceeding.
**Article 7 Time periods**
The Board may, on application by either party or on its own motion, extend any time period which has been set for a party to comply with a particular direction.

**Article 8 Notices**

(1) Any notice or other communication from the Secretariat or the Board shall be delivered to the last known address of the addressee.

(2) Any notice or other communication shall be delivered by courier or registered mail, facsimile transmission, e-mail or any other means of communication that provides a record of the sending thereof.

(3) A notice or communication sent in accordance with paragraph (2) shall be deemed to have been received by the addressee on the date it would normally have been received given the chosen means of communication.

**Article 9 Decisions by the Board**
When necessary the Board shall:

(i) decide whether the SCC manifestly lacks jurisdiction over the dispute pursuant to Article 10 (i);

(ii) decide whether to consolidate cases pursuant to Article 11;

(iii) make any appointment of arbitrator pursuant to Article 13;

(iv) decide the seat of arbitration pursuant to Article 20; and

(v) determine the Advance on Costs pursuant to Article 44.

**Article 10 Dismissal**
The Board shall dismiss a case, in whole or in part, if:

(i) the SCC manifestly lacks jurisdiction over the dispute; or

(ii) the Advance on Costs is not paid pursuant to Article 44.
Article 11 Consolidation
If arbitration is commenced concerning a legal relationship in respect of which an arbitration between the same parties is already pending under these Rules, the Board may, at the request of a party, decide to consolidate the new claims with the pending proceedings. Such decision may only be made after consulting the parties and the Arbitrator.

The Arbitrator

Article 12 Number of Arbitrators
The arbitration shall be decided by a sole Arbitrator.

Article 13 Appointment of Arbitrator
(1) The parties may agree on a different procedure for appointment of the Arbitrator than as provided under this Article. In such cases, if the Arbitrator has not been appointed within the time period agreed by the parties or, where the parties have not agreed on a time period, within the time period set by the Board, the appointment shall be made pursuant to paragraphs (2)–(4).

(2) The parties shall be given 10 days within which to jointly appoint the Arbitrator. If the parties fail to make the appointment within this time period, the Arbitrator shall be appointed by the Board.

(3) If the parties are of different nationalities, the Arbitrator shall be of a different nationality than the parties, unless the parties have agreed otherwise or unless otherwise deemed appropriate by the Board.

(4) When appointing Arbitrator, the Board shall consider the nature and circumstances of the dispute, the applicable law, the seat and language of the arbitration and the nationality of the parties.

Article 14 Impartiality and independence
(1) The Arbitrator must be impartial and independent.

(2) Before being appointed as Arbitrator, a person shall disclose any circumstances which may give rise to justifiable doubts as to his/her impartiality or independence. If the person is appointed as Arbitrator, he/she shall submit to the Secretariat a signed statement of impartiality and in-
dependence disclosing any circumstances which may give rise to justifiable doubts as to that person’s impartiality or independence. The Secretariat shall send a copy of the statement of impartiality and independence to the parties.

(3) The Arbitrator shall immediately inform the parties in writing where any circumstances referred to in paragraph (2) arise during the course of the arbitration.

**Article 15 Challenge to Arbitrator**

(1) A party may challenge the Arbitrator if circumstances exist which give rise to justifiable doubts as to the Arbitrator’s impartiality or independence or if he/she does not possess qualifications agreed by the parties.

(2) A challenge to the Arbitrator shall be made by submitting a written statement to the Secretariat setting forth the reasons for the challenge within 15 days from when the circumstances giving rise to the challenge became known to the party. Failure by a party to challenge the Arbitrator within the stipulated time period constitutes a waiver of the right to make the challenge.

(3) The Secretariat shall notify the parties and the Arbitrator of the challenge and give them an opportunity to submit comments on the challenge.

(4) If the other party agrees to the challenge, the Arbitrator shall resign. In all other cases, the Board shall make the final decision on the challenge.

**Article 16 Release from appointment**

(1) The Board shall release the Arbitrator from appointment where:

   (i) the Board accepts the resignation of the Arbitrator;

   (ii) a challenge to the Arbitrator under Article 15 is sustained; or

   (iii) the Arbitrator is otherwise prevented from fulfilling his/her duties or fails to perform his/her functions in an adequate manner.

(2) Before the Board releases an arbitrator, the Secretariat may give the parties and the Arbitrator an opportunity to submit comments.
**Article 17 Replacement of Arbitrator**

(1) The Board shall appoint a new Arbitrator where the Arbitrator has been released from his/her appointment pursuant to Article 16, or where the Arbitrator has died.

(2) Where the Arbitrator has been replaced, the new Arbitrator shall decide whether and to what extent the proceedings are to be repeated.

**The proceedings before the Arbitrator**

**Article 18 Referral to the Arbitrator**

When the Arbitrator has been appointed and the Advance on Costs has been paid, the Secretariat shall refer the case to the Arbitrator.

**Article 19 Conduct of the arbitration**

(1) Subject to these Rules and any agreement between the parties, the Arbitrator may conduct the arbitration in such manner as the Arbitrator considers appropriate.

(2) In all cases, the Arbitrator shall conduct the arbitration in an impartial, practical and expeditious manner, giving each party an equal and reasonable opportunity to present its case.

(3) The following shall apply to the proceedings, unless the Arbitrator, for special reasons, decides otherwise:

(i) in addition to the Statement of Claim and the Statement of Defence, the parties each may only submit one written statement, including statements of evidence;

(ii) the statements must be brief; and

(iii) the time limits within which the documents shall be submitted may not exceed 10 working days.

(4) The Arbitrator may order a party to finally state its claims for relief and the facts relied on as grounds thereof, and the evidence on which the party relies. At the expiration of the time period for such statement, the party may not amend its claim for relief nor adduce additional facts or evidence, unless the Arbitrator, for special reasons, so permits.
Article 20 Seat of arbitration

(1) Unless agreed upon by the parties, the Board shall decide the seat of arbitration.

(2) The Arbitrator may, after consultation with the parties, conduct hearings at any place which the Arbitrator considers appropriate. If any hearing or meeting is held elsewhere than at the seat of arbitration, the arbitration shall be deemed to have taken place at the seat of arbitration.

(3) The award shall be deemed to have been made at the seat of arbitration.

Article 21 Language

(1) Unless agreed upon by the parties, the Arbitrator shall determine the language(s) of the arbitration. In so determining, the Arbitrator shall have due regard to all relevant circumstances and shall give the parties an opportunity to submit comments.

(2) The Arbitrator may request that any documents submitted in languages other than the language(s) of the arbitration be accompanied by a translation into the language(s) of the arbitration.

Article 22 Applicable law

(1) The Arbitrator shall decide the merits of the dispute on the basis of the law(s) or rules of law agreed upon by the parties. In the absence of such agreement, the Arbitrator shall apply the law or rules of law which the Arbitrator considers to be most appropriate.

(2) Any designation made by the parties of the law of a given state shall be deemed to refer to the substantive law of that state and not to its conflict of laws rules.

(3) The Arbitrator shall decide the dispute ex aequo et bono or as amiable compositeur only if the parties have expressly authorised the Arbitrator to do so.

Article 23 Timetable

After the referral of the case to the Arbitrator, the Arbitrator shall promptly establish a timetable for the conduct of the arbitration. The Arbitrator shall send a copy of the timetable to the parties and to the Secretariat.
**Article 24 Written submissions**

(1) The Claimant shall, within the period of time determined by the Arbitrator, submit a Statement of Claim which shall include, unless previously submitted:

(i) the specific relief sought;

(ii) the material circumstances on which the Claimant relies; and

(iii) the documents on which the Claimant relies.

(2) The Respondent shall, within the period of time determined by the Arbitrator, submit a Statement of Defence which shall include, unless previously submitted:

(i) any objections concerning the existence, validity or applicability of the arbitration agreement;

(ii) a statement whether, and to what extent, the Respondent admits or denies the relief sought by the Claimant;

(iii) the material circumstances on which the Respondent relies;

(iv) any counterclaim or set-off and the grounds on which it is based; and

(v) the documents on which the Respondent relies.

(3) The Arbitrator may order the parties to submit additional written submissions.

**Article 25 Amendments**

At any time prior to the close of proceedings pursuant to Article 34, a party may amend or supplement its claim, counterclaim, defence or set-off provided its case, as amended or supplemented, is still comprised by the arbitration agreement, unless the Arbitrator considers it inappropriate to allow such amendment or supplement having regard to the delay in making it, the prejudice to the other party or any other circumstances.

**Article 26 Evidence**

(1) The admissibility, relevance, materiality and weight of evidence shall be for the Arbitrator to determine.

(2) The Arbitrator may order a party to identify the documentary evidence it intends to rely on and specify the circumstances intended to be proved by such evidence.
(3) At the request of a party, the Arbitrator may order a party to produce any documents or other evidence which may be relevant to the outcome of the case.

Article 27 Hearings

(1) A hearing shall be held if requested by a party and if deemed necessary by the Arbitrator.

(2) The Arbitrator shall, in consultation with the parties, determine the date, time and location of any hearing and shall provide the parties with reasonable notice thereof.

(3) Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, hearings will be held in private.

Article 28 Witnesses

(1) In advance of any hearing, the Arbitrator may order the parties to identify each witness or expert they intend to call and specify the circumstances intended to be proved by each testimony.

(2) The testimony of witnesses or party-appointed experts may be submitted in the form of signed statements.

(3) Any witness or expert, on whose testimony a party seeks to rely, shall attend a hearing for examination, unless otherwise agreed by the parties.

Article 29 Experts appointed by the Arbitrator

(1) After consultation with the parties, the Arbitrator may appoint one or more experts to report to the Arbitrator on specific issues set out by the Arbitrator in writing.

(2) Upon receipt of a report from an expert appointed by the Arbitrator, the Arbitrator shall send a copy of the report to the parties and shall give the parties an opportunity to submit written comments on the report.

(3) Upon the request of a party, the parties shall be given an opportunity to examine any expert appointed by the Arbitrator at a hearing.

Article 30 Default

(1) If the Claimant, without showing good cause, fails to submit a Statement of Claim in accordance with Article 24, the Arbitrator shall terminate the proceedings provided the Respondent has not filed a counterclaim.
(2) If a party, without showing good cause, fails to submit a Statement of Defence or other written statement in accordance with Article 24, or fails to appear at a hearing, or otherwise fails to avail itself of the opportunity to present its case, the Arbitrator may proceed with the arbitration and make an award.

(3) If a party without good cause fails to comply with any provision of, or requirement under, these Rules or any procedural order given by the Arbitrator, the Arbitrator may draw such inferences as it considers appropriate.

Article 31 Waiver
A party, who during the arbitration fails to object without delay to any failure to comply with the arbitration agreement, these Rules or other rules applicable to the proceedings, shall be deemed to have waived the right to object to such failure.

Article 32 Interim measures
(1) The Arbitrator may, at the request of a party, grant any interim measures the Arbitrator deems appropriate.

(2) The Arbitrator may order the party requesting an interim measure to provide appropriate security in connection with the measure.

(3) An interim measure shall take the form of an order or an award.

(4) Provisions with respect to interim measures requested before arbitration has been commenced or a case has been referred to an Arbitrator are set out in Appendix II.

(5) A request for interim measures made by a party to a judicial authority is not incompatible with the arbitration agreement or with these Rules.

Article 33 Communications from the Arbitrator
Article 8 shall apply to communications from the Arbitrator.

Article 34 Close of proceedings
The Arbitrator shall declare the proceedings closed when the Arbitrator is satisfied that the parties have had a reasonable opportunity to present their cases. In exceptional circumstances, prior to the making of the final award, the Arbitrator may reopen the proceedings on the Arbitrator’s own motion, or upon the application of a party.
Article 35 Making of awards
(1) The Arbitrator shall make the award in writing and sign the award. A party may request a reasoned award no later than at the closing statement.
(2) An award shall include the date of the award and the seat of arbitration in accordance with Article 20.
(3) The Arbitrator shall deliver a copy of the award to each of the parties and to the SCC without delay.

Article 36 Time limit for final award
The final award shall be made not later than three months from the date upon which the arbitration was referred to the Arbitrator pursuant to Article 18. The Board may extend this time limit upon a reasoned request from the Arbitrator, or if otherwise deemed necessary.

Article 37 Separate award
The Arbitrator may decide a separate issue or part of the dispute in a separate award.

Article 38 Settlement or other grounds for termination of the arbitration
(1) If the parties reach a settlement before the final award is made, the Arbitrator may, upon the request of both parties, record the settlement in the form of a consent award.
(2) If the arbitration for any other reason is terminated before the final award is made, the Arbitrator shall issue an award recording the termination.

Article 39 Effect of an award
An award shall be final and binding on the parties when rendered. By agreeing to arbitration under these Rules, the parties undertake to carry out any award without delay.

Article 40 Correction and interpretation of an award
(1) Within 30 days of receiving an award, a party may, upon notice to the other party, request that the Arbitrator correct any clerical, typographical or computational errors in the award, or provide an interpretation of a specific point or
part of the award. If the Arbitrator considers the request justified, the Arbitrator shall make the correction or provide the interpretation within 30 days of receiving the request.

(2) The Arbitrator may correct any error of the type referred to in paragraph (1) above on the Arbitrator’s own motion within 30 days of the date of an award.

(3) Any correction or interpretation of an award shall be in writing and shall comply with the requirements of Article 35.

Article 41 Additional award

Within 30 days of receiving an award, a party may, upon notice to the other party, request the Arbitrator to make an additional award on claims presented in the arbitration but not determined in the award. If the Arbitrator considers the request justified, the Arbitrator shall make the additional award within 30 days of receipt of the request. When deemed necessary, the Board may extend this 30 day time limit.

Costs of the Arbitration

Article 42 Costs of the Arbitration

(1) The Costs of the Arbitration consist of:

(i) the Fee of the Arbitrator;
(ii) the Administrative Fee; and
(iii) the expenses of the Arbitrator and the SCC.

(2) Before making the final award, the Arbitrator shall request the Board to finally determine the Costs of the Arbitration. The Board shall finally determine the Costs of the Arbitration in accordance with the Schedule of Costs (Appendix III) in force on the date of commencement of the arbitration pursuant to Article 4.

(3) If the arbitration is terminated before the final award is made pursuant to Article 38, the Board shall finally determine the Costs of the Arbitration having regard to when the arbitration terminates, the work performed by the Arbitrator and other relevant circumstances. The Arbitrator shall include in the final award the Costs of the Arbitration as finally determined by the Board and specify the fees and expenses of the Arbitrator and the SCC.
(4) Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the Arbitrator shall, at the request of a party, apportion the Costs of the Arbitration between the parties, having regard to the outcome of the case and other relevant circumstances.

(5) The parties are jointly and severally liable to the Arbitrator and to the SCC for the Costs of the Arbitration.

**Article 43 Costs incurred by a party**

Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the Arbitrator may in the final award, upon the request of a party, order one party to pay any reasonable costs incurred by another party, including costs for legal representation, having regard to the outcome of the case and other relevant circumstances.

**Article 44 Advance on Costs**

(1) The Board shall determine an amount to be paid by the parties as an Advance on Costs.

(2) The Advance on Costs shall correspond to the estimated amount of the Costs of Arbitration pursuant to Article 42 (1).

(3) Each party shall pay half of the Advance on Costs, unless separate advances are determined. Where counterclaims or set-offs are submitted, the Board may decide that each of the parties shall pay the advances on costs corresponding to its claim. Upon a request from the Arbitrator or if otherwise deemed necessary, the Board may order parties to pay additional advances during the course of the arbitration.

(4) If a party fails to make a required payment, the Secretariat shall give the other party an opportunity to do so within a specified period of time. If the required payment is not made, the Board shall dismiss the case in whole or in part. If the other party makes the required payment, the Arbitrator may, at the request of such party, make a separate award for reimbursement of the payment.

(5) At any stage during the arbitration or after the Award has been made, the Board may draw on the Advance on Costs to cover the Costs of the Arbitration.

(6) The Board may decide that part of the Advance on Costs may be provided in the form of a bank guarantee or other form of security.
**General rules**

**Article 45 Confidentiality**
Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the SCC and the Arbitrator shall maintain the confidentiality of the arbitration and the award.

**Article 46 Enforcement**
In all matters not expressly provided for in these Rules, the SCC, the Arbitrator and the parties shall act in the spirit of these Rules and shall make every reasonable effort to ensure that all awards are legally enforceable.

**Article 47 Exclusion of liability**
Neither the SCC nor the arbitrator are liable to any party for any act or omission in connection with the arbitration unless such act or omission constitutes wilful misconduct or gross negligence.
APPENDIX I
ORGANISATION

Article 1 About the SCC
The Arbitration Institute of the Stockholm Chamber of Commerce (the “SCC”) is a body providing administrative services in relation to the settlement of disputes. The SCC is part of the Stockholm Chamber of Commerce, but is independent in exercising its functions in the administration of disputes. The SCC is composed of a board of directors (the “Board”) and a secretariat (the “Secretariat”).

Article 2 Function of the SCC
The SCC does not itself decide disputes. The function of the SCC is to:

(i) administer domestic and international disputes in accordance with the SCC Rules and other procedures or rules agreed upon by the parties; and

(ii) provide information concerning arbitration and mediation matters.

Article 3 The Board
The Board shall be composed of one chairperson, a maximum of three vice-chairpersons and a maximum of 12 additional members. The Board includes both Swedish and non-Swedish nationals.

Article 4 Appointment of the Board
The Board shall be appointed by the Board of Directors of the Stockholm Chamber of Commerce (the “Board of Directors”). The members of the Board shall be appointed for a period of three years and are eligible for re-appointment in their respective capacities for one further three year period only, unless exceptional circumstances apply.

Article 5 Removal of a member of the Board
In exceptional circumstances, the Board of Directors may remove a member of the Board. If a member resigns or is removed during a term of office, the Board of Directors shall appoint a new member for the remainder of the term.
Article 6 Function of the Board
The function of the Board is to take the decisions required of the SCC in administering disputes under the SCC Rules and any other rules or procedures agreed upon by the parties. Such decisions include decisions on the jurisdiction of the SCC, determination of advances on costs, appointment of arbitrators, decisions upon challenges to arbitrators, removal of arbitrators and the fixing of arbitration costs.

Article 7 Decisions by the Board
Two members of the Board form a quorum. If a majority is not attained, the Chairperson has the casting vote. The Chairperson or a Vice Chairperson may take decisions on behalf of the Board in urgent matters. A committee of the Board may be appointed to take certain decisions on behalf of the Board. The Board may delegate decisions to the Secretariat, including decisions on advances on costs, extension of time for rendering an award, dismissal for non-payment of registration fee, release of arbitrators and fixing of arbitration costs. Decisions by the Board are final.

Article 8 The Secretariat
The Secretariat acts under the direction of a Secretary General. The Secretariat carries out the functions assigned to it under the SCC Rules. The Secretariat may also take decisions delegated to it by the Board.

Article 9 Procedures
The SCC shall maintain the confidentiality of the arbitration and the award and shall deal with the arbitration in an impartial, practical and expeditious manner.
APPENDIX II
EMERGENCY ARBITRATOR

Article 1 Emergency Arbitrator

(1) A party may apply for the appointment of an Emergency Arbitrator until the case has been referred to the Arbitrator pursuant to Article 18 of the Rules for Expedited Arbitrations.

(2) The powers of the Emergency Arbitrator shall be those set out in Article 32 (1)-(3) of the Rules for Expedited Arbitrations. Such powers terminate when the case has been referred to the Arbitrator pursuant to Article 18 of the Rules for Expedited Arbitrations or when an emergency decision ceases to be binding according to Article 9 (4) of this Appendix.

Article 2 Application for the appointment of an Emergency Arbitrator

An application for the appointment of an Emergency Arbitrator shall include:

(i) a statement of the names and addresses, telephone and facsimile numbers and e-mail addresses of the parties and their counsel;

(ii) a summary of the dispute;

(iii) a statement of the interim relief sought and the reasons therefor;

(iv) a copy or description of the arbitration agreement or clause on the basis of which the dispute is to be settled;

(v) comments on the seat of the emergency proceedings, the applicable law(s) and the language(s) of the proceedings; and

(vi) proof of payment of the costs for the emergency proceedings pursuant to Article 10 (1)-(2) of this Appendix.

Article 3 Notice

As soon as an application for the appointment of an Emergency Arbitrator has been received, the Secretariat shall send the application to the other party.
**Article 4 Appointment of the Emergency Arbitrator**

(1) The Board shall seek to appoint an Emergency Arbitrator within 24 hours of receipt of the application for the appointment of an Emergency Arbitrator.

(2) An Emergency Arbitrator shall not be appointed if the SCC manifestly lacks jurisdiction over the dispute.

(3) Article 15 of the Rules for Expedited Arbitrations applies except that a challenge must be made within 24 hours from when the circumstances giving rise to the challenge of an Emergency Arbitrator became known to the party.

(4) An Emergency Arbitrator may not act as an arbitrator in any future arbitration relating to the dispute, unless otherwise agreed by the parties.

**Article 5 Seat of the emergency proceedings**

The seat of the emergency proceedings shall be that which has been agreed upon by the parties as the seat of the arbitration. If the seat of the arbitration has not been agreed by the parties, the Board shall determine the seat of the emergency proceedings.

**Article 6 Referral to the Emergency Arbitrator**

Once an Emergency Arbitrator has been appointed, the Secretariat shall promptly refer the application to the Emergency Arbitrator.

**Article 7 Conduct of the emergency proceedings**

Article 19 of the Rules for Expedited Arbitrations shall apply to the emergency proceedings, taking into account the urgency inherent in such proceedings.

**Article 8 Emergency decisions on interim measures**

(1) Any emergency decision on interim measures shall be made not later than 5 days from the date upon which the application was referred to the Emergency Arbitrator pursuant to Article 6 of this Appendix. The Board may extend this time limit upon a reasoned request from the Emergency Arbitrator, or if otherwise deemed necessary.
(2) Any emergency decision on interim measures shall:
   (i) be made in writing;
   (ii) state the date when it was made, the seat of the emergency proceedings and the reasons upon which the decision is based; and
   (iii) be signed by the Emergency Arbitrator.

(3) The Emergency Arbitrator shall promptly deliver a copy of the emergency decision to each of the parties and to the SCC.

**Article 9 Binding effect of emergency decisions**

(1) An emergency decision shall be binding on the parties when rendered.

(2) The emergency decision may be amended or revoked by the Emergency Arbitrator upon a reasoned request by a party.

(3) By agreeing to arbitration under the Rules for Expedited Arbitrations, the parties undertake to comply with any emergency decision without delay.

(4) The emergency decision ceases to be binding if:
   (i) the Emergency Arbitrator or an Arbitrator so decides;
   (ii) an Arbitrator makes a final award;
   (iii) arbitration is not commenced within 30 days from the date of the emergency decision; or
   (iv) the case is not referred to an Arbitrator within 90 days from the date of the emergency decision.

(5) An Arbitrator is not bound by the decision(s) and reasons of the Emergency Arbitrator.

**Article 10 Costs of the emergency proceedings**

(1) The party applying for the appointment of an Emergency Arbitrator shall pay the costs of the emergency proceedings upon filing the application.

(2) The costs of the emergency proceedings include:
   (i) the fee of the Emergency Arbitrator which amounts to EUR 6,000; and
   (ii) the application fee which amounts to EUR 1,500.
(3) Upon a request from the Emergency Arbitrator or if otherwise deemed appropriate, the Board may decide to increase or reduce the costs having regard to the nature of the case, the work performed by the Emergency Arbitrator and the SCC, and other relevant circumstances.

(4) If payment of the costs of the emergency proceedings is not made in due time, the Secretariat shall dismiss the application.

(5) At the request of a party, the costs of the emergency proceedings may be apportioned between the parties by an Arbitrator in a final award.
APPENDIX III
SCHEDULE OF COSTS

Arbitration Costs

Article 1 Registration Fee
(1) The Registration Fee referred to in Article 3 of the Rules for Expedited Arbitrations amounts to EUR 1 000.
(2) The Registration Fee is non-refundable and constitutes a part of the Administrative Fee in Article 3 below. The Registration Fee shall be credited to the Advance on Costs to be paid by the Claimant pursuant to Article 44 of the Rules for Expedited Arbitrations.

Article 2 Fee of the Arbitrator
(1) The Board shall determine the Fee of the Arbitrator based on the amount in dispute in accordance with the table below.
(2) The amount in dispute shall be the aggregate value of all claims, counterclaims and set-offs. Where the amount in dispute cannot be ascertained, the Board shall determine the Fee of the Arbitrator taking all relevant circumstances into account.
(3) In exceptional circumstances, the Board may deviate from the amounts set out in the table.

Article 3 Administrative Fee
(1) The Administrative Fee shall be determined in accordance with the table below.
(2) The amount in dispute shall be the aggregate value of all claims, counterclaims and set-offs. Where the amount in dispute cannot be ascertained, the Board shall determine the Administrative Fee taking all relevant circumstances into account.
(3) In exceptional circumstances, the Board may deviate from the amounts set out in the table.
Article 4 Expenses

In addition to the Fee of the Arbitrator and the Administrative Fee, the Board shall fix an amount to cover any reasonable expenses incurred by the Arbitrator and the SCC. The expenses of the Arbitrator may include the fee and expenses of any expert appointed by the Arbitrator pursuant to Article 29 of the Rules for Expedited Arbitrations.
### ARBITRATORS’ FEES

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<th>Amount in dispute (EUR)</th>
<th>Arbitrator’s Fee (EUR)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Minimum</td>
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<tr>
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*The Costs of the Arbitration may easily be calculated at [www.sccinstitute.com](http://www.sccinstitute.com)*
## ADMINISTRATIVE FEE

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<th>Amount in dispute (EUR)</th>
<th>Administrative Fee (EUR)</th>
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<tr>
<td>from 25 001 to 50 000</td>
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<tr>
<td>from 50 001 to 100 000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>from 100 001 to 500 000</td>
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<td>Maximum 30 000</td>
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The Costs of the Arbitration may easily be calculated at www.sccinstitute.com